



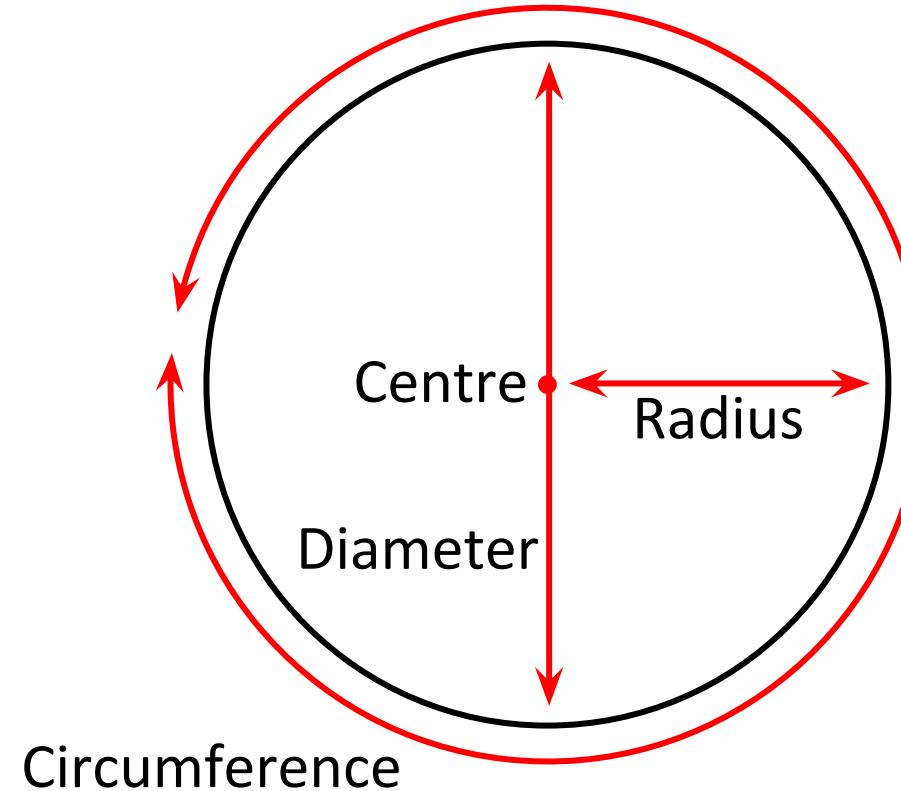
Area and Circumference of a circle

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

A circle is a shape where all points are equidistant from a centre.

The **area** of a circle is the space within the circle.

The **perimeter** of a circle is called the circumference.





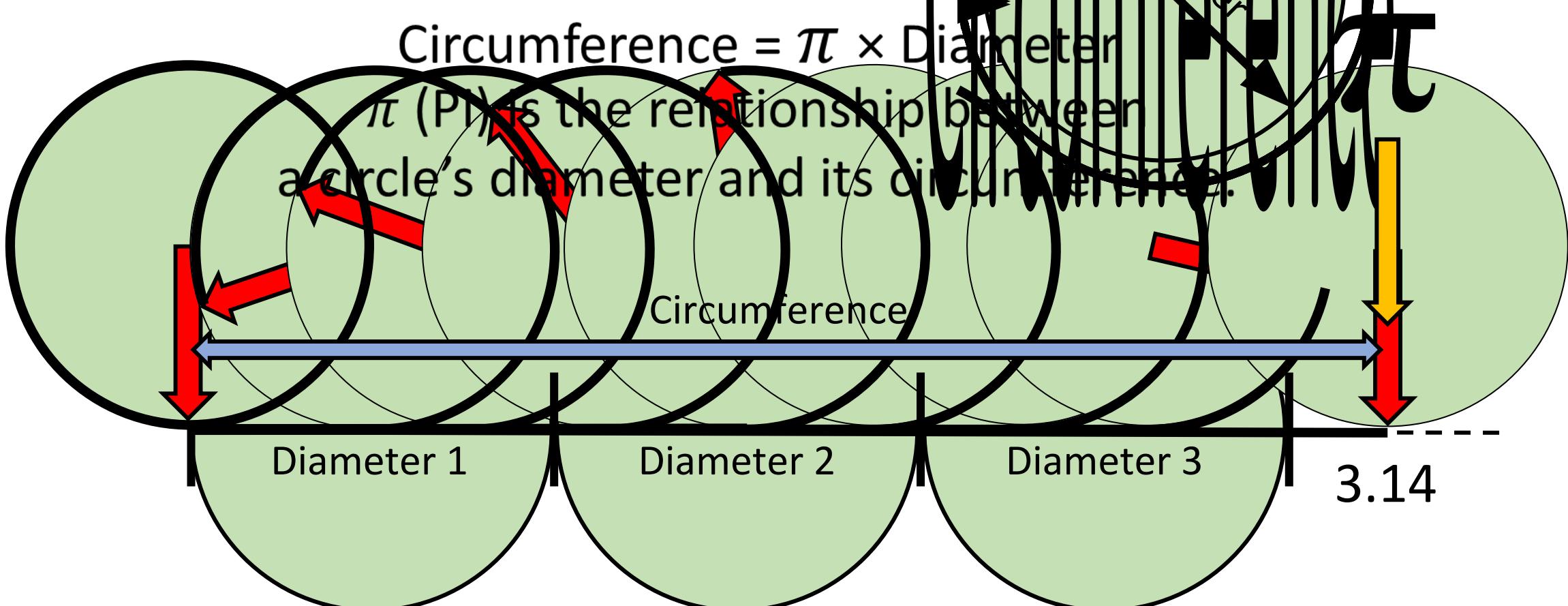
Area and Circumference of a circle

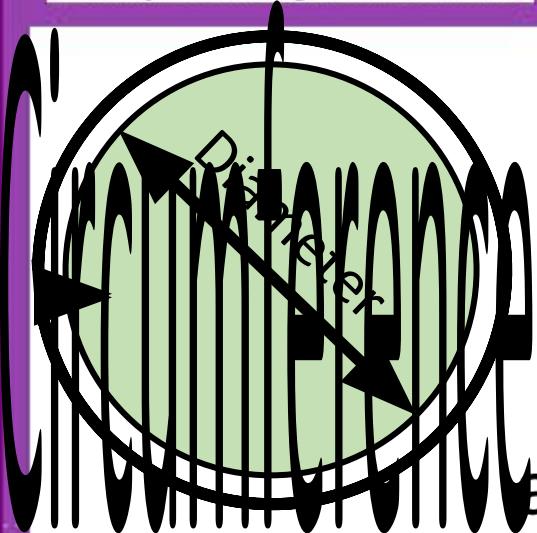
LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

What is the relationship
between a circle's
Circumference = $3\pi \times \text{Diameter}$
circumference and its diameter?
Circumference = $3.141592653589793 \times \text{Diameter}$

$$\text{Circumference} = \pi \times \text{Diameter}$$

π (Pi) is the relationship between a circle's diameter and its circumference.

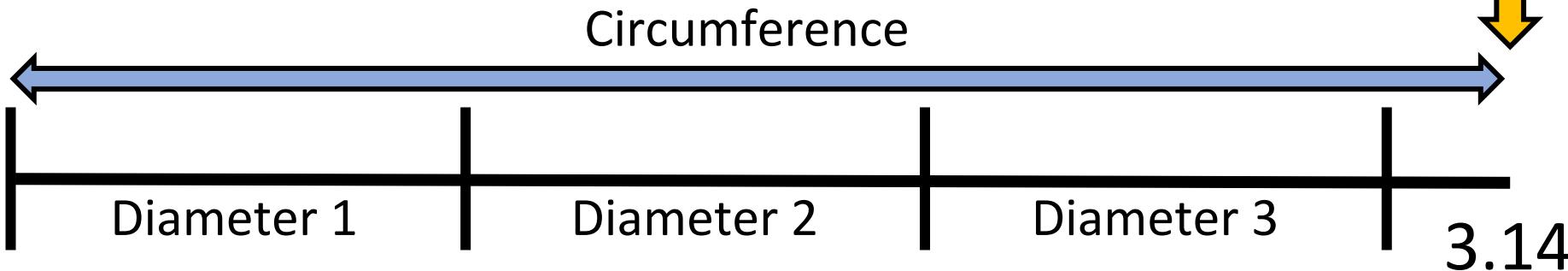




$$\text{Circumference} = \pi \times \text{Diameter}$$

π (Pi) is the relationship between a circle's diameter and its circumference.

π



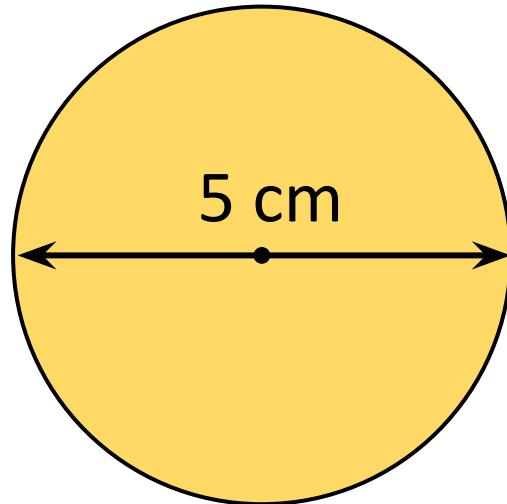


Area and Circumference of a circle

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

Find the circumference of this circle.
(to 1 dp)

$$C = \pi d$$



$$C = \pi \times 5$$

$$= 15.7 \text{ cm}$$

MY TURN

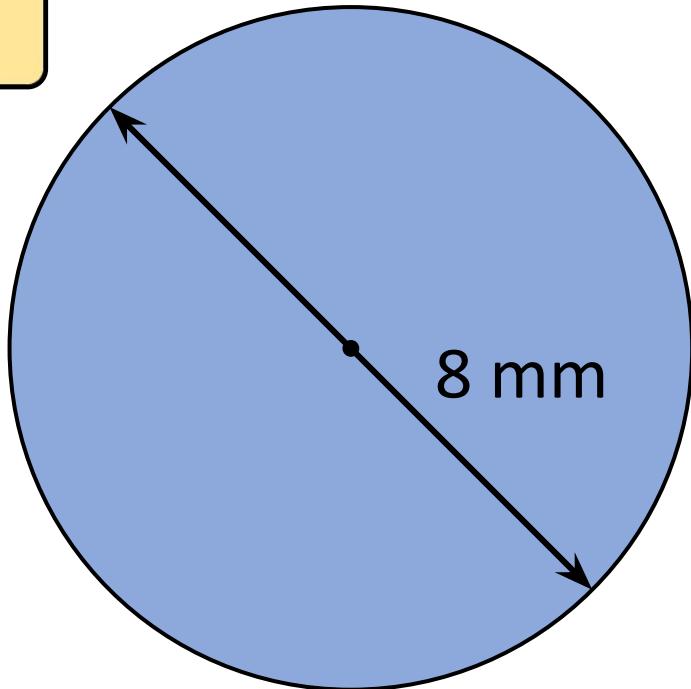


Area and Circumference of a circle

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

Find the circumference of this circle.
(to 1 dp)

$$C = \pi d$$



$$\begin{aligned}C &= \pi \times 8 \\&= 25.1 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

YOUR TURN



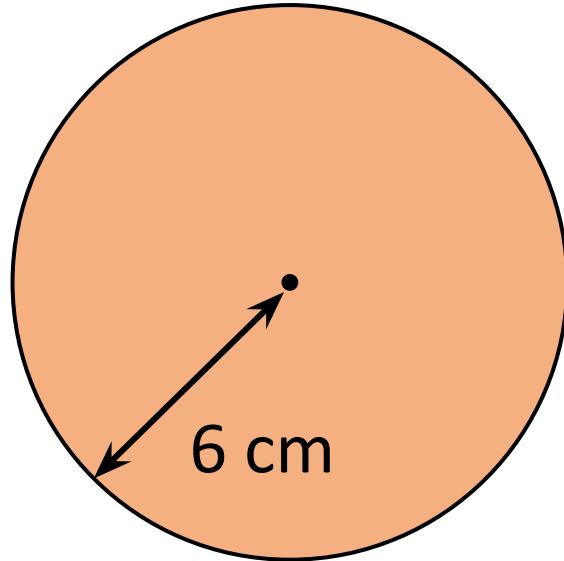
Area and Circumference of a circle



LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

Find the circumference of this circle.
(to 1 dp)

$$C = \pi d$$



$$C = \pi \times (6 \times 2)$$

$$= 37.7 \text{ cm}$$

MY TURN

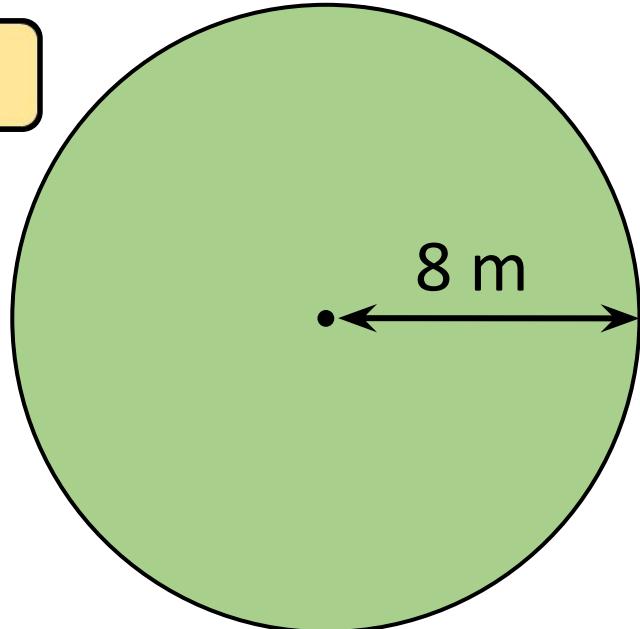


Area and Circumference of a circle

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

Find the circumference of this circle.
(to 1 dp)

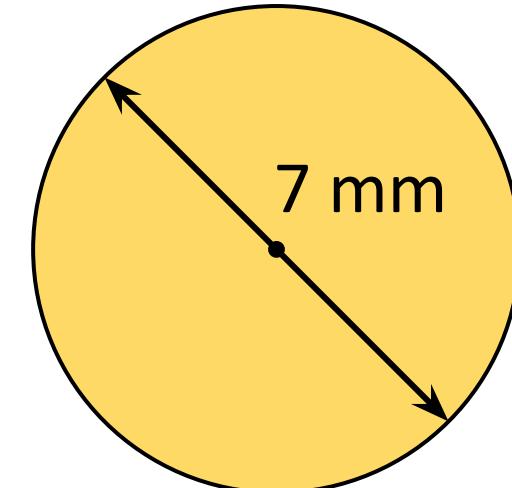
$$C = \pi d$$



$$\begin{aligned}C &= \pi \times (8 \times 2) \\&= 50.3 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$



YOUR TURN
Find the circumference of this circle.
(to 1 dp)

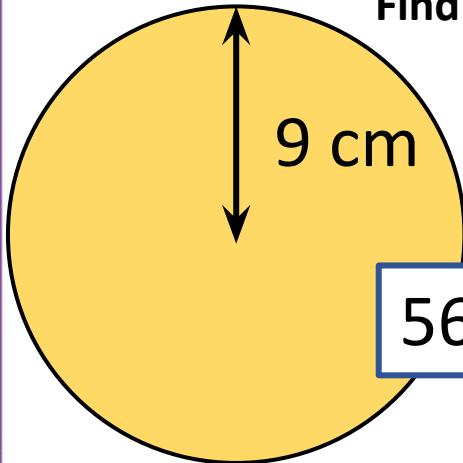


$$\begin{aligned}C &= \pi \times 7 \\&= 22.0 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

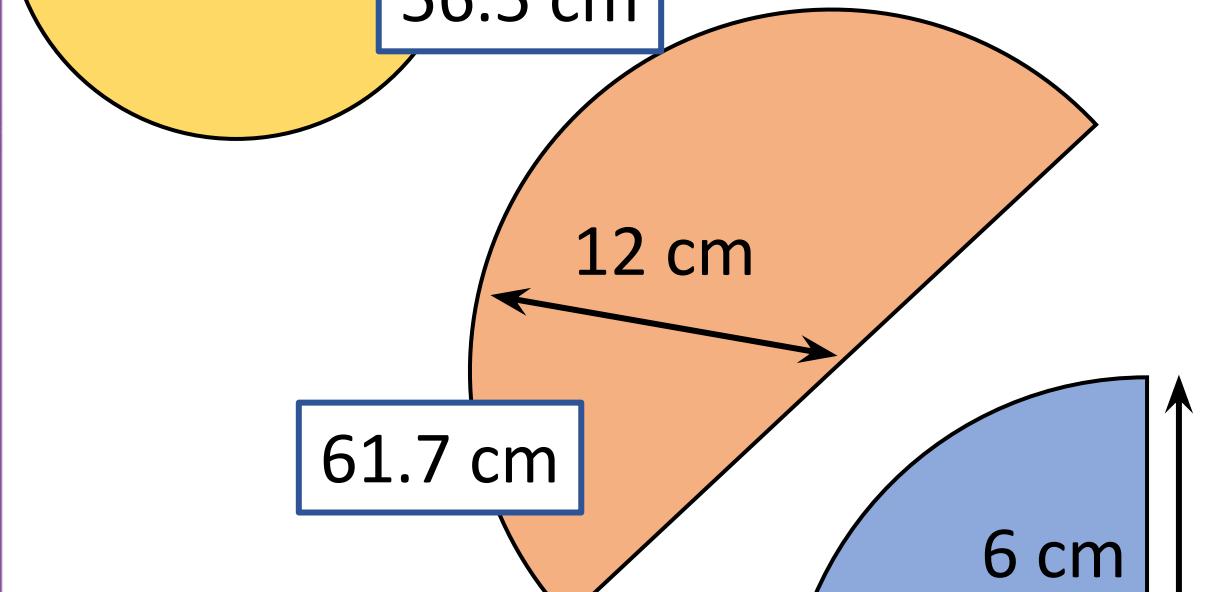


Find the perimeter of these shapes. (10p)

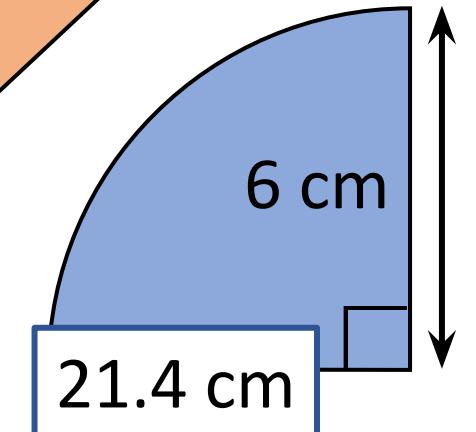
$$C = \pi d$$



56.5 cm



61.7 cm

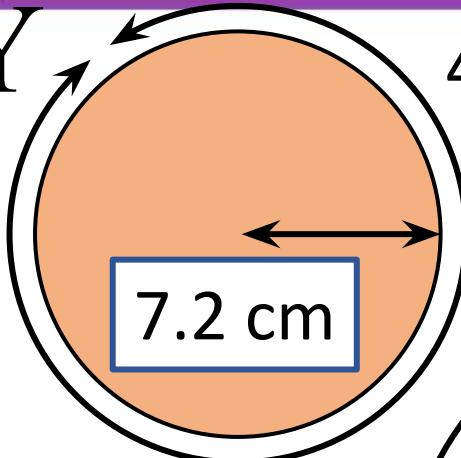


21.4 cm

Not to scale.

45 cm

Find the radius of these shapes.



7.2 cm

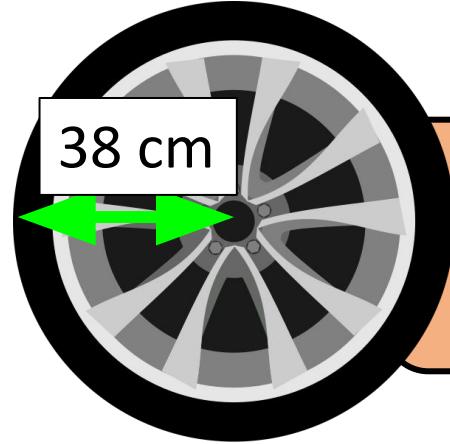
64 cm

10.2 cm

33 cm

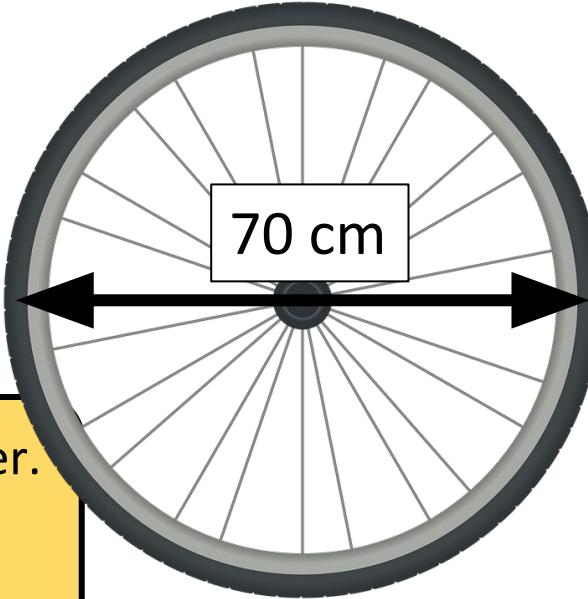
10.5 cm

GROUP TASK



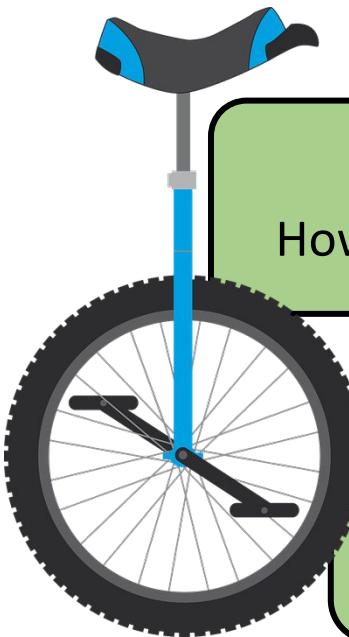
A car wheel has a radius of 38 cm.
If it rolls 120 times,
how far does it travel?

$$28,651.3 \text{ cm} = 286.5 \text{ m}$$



A bicycle wheel has a 70 cm diameter.
How many times would it rotate if
the bicycle travelled 100 meters?

$$45.47 \text{ times} = 45 \text{ times}$$



A unicycle's wheel has a radius of 28 cm.
How many complete revolutions would it take a rider to travel 1.3 km?

$$738.9 \text{ times} = 739 \text{ complete revolutions}$$

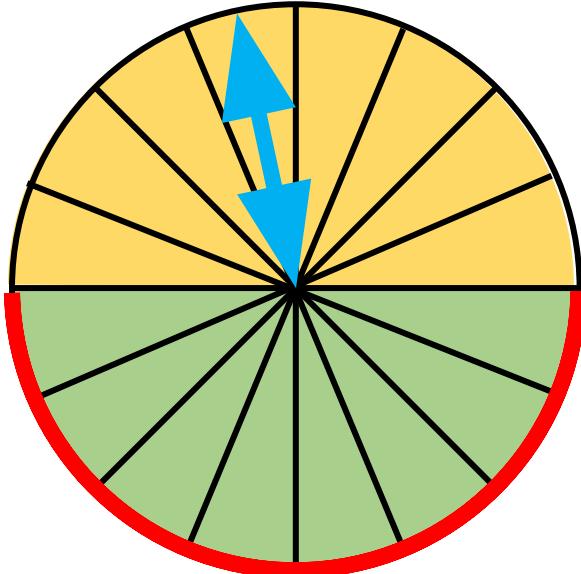
The unicycle's pedal is 15 cm long.
How far does the rider need to move
their feet to travel 1.3 km?

$$739 \times 30 \times \pi \times 2 \\ = 1.393 \text{ km}$$

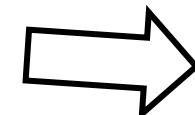


Area and Circumference of a circle

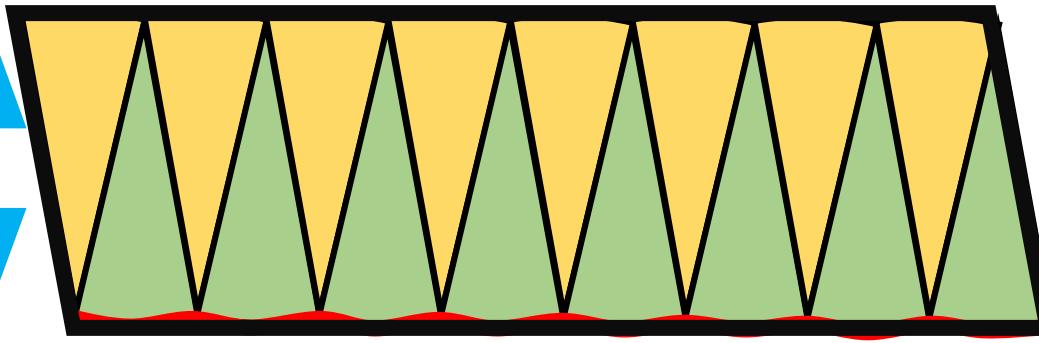
LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.



Height = radius



What is the height and base of this parallelogram?



Base = half the circumference
= radius $\times \pi$

$$\text{Area} = \text{radius} \times \text{radius} \times \pi
= r^2 \times \pi$$

$$c = d \times \pi
c = 2 \times r \times \pi$$

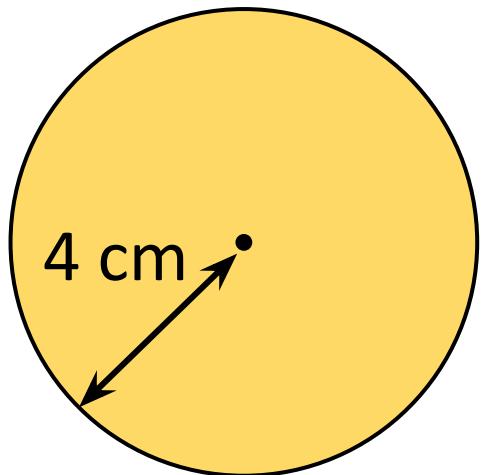
Area of a circle = πr^2



MY

Find the area of this circle.

(to 1 dp)



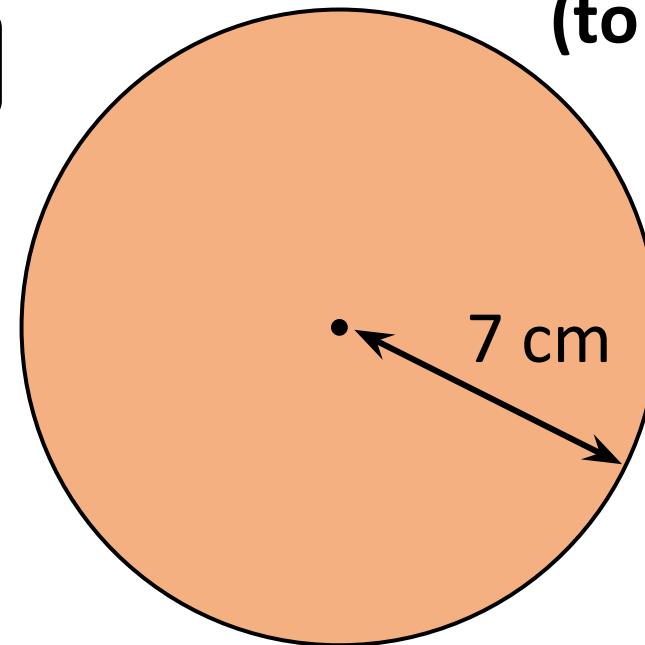
$$A = \pi \times (4)^2$$

$$= 50.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

YOUR

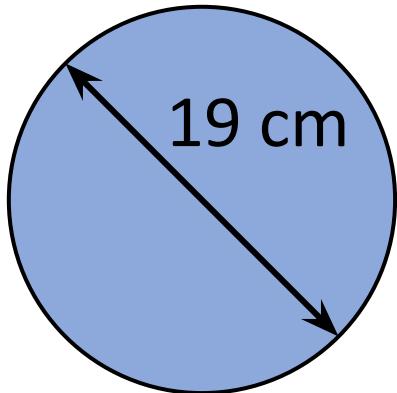
Find the area of this circle.

(to 1 dp)

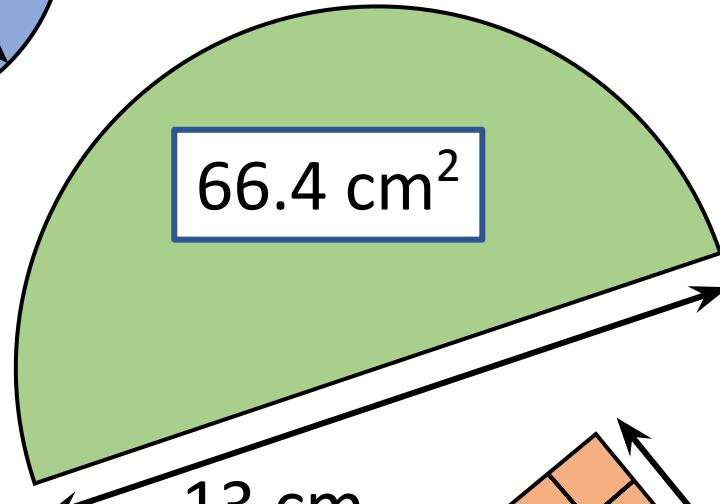


$$A = \pi \times (7)^2$$

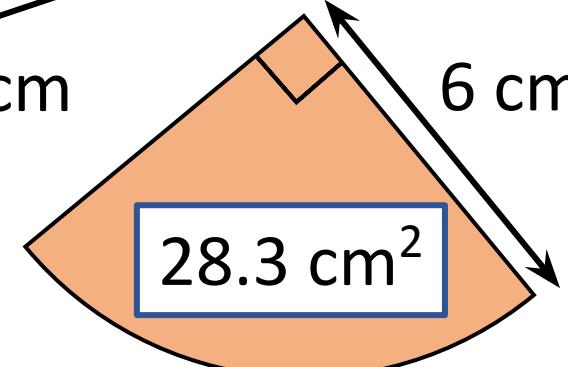
$$= 153.9 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$283.5 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$66.4 \text{ cm}^2$$

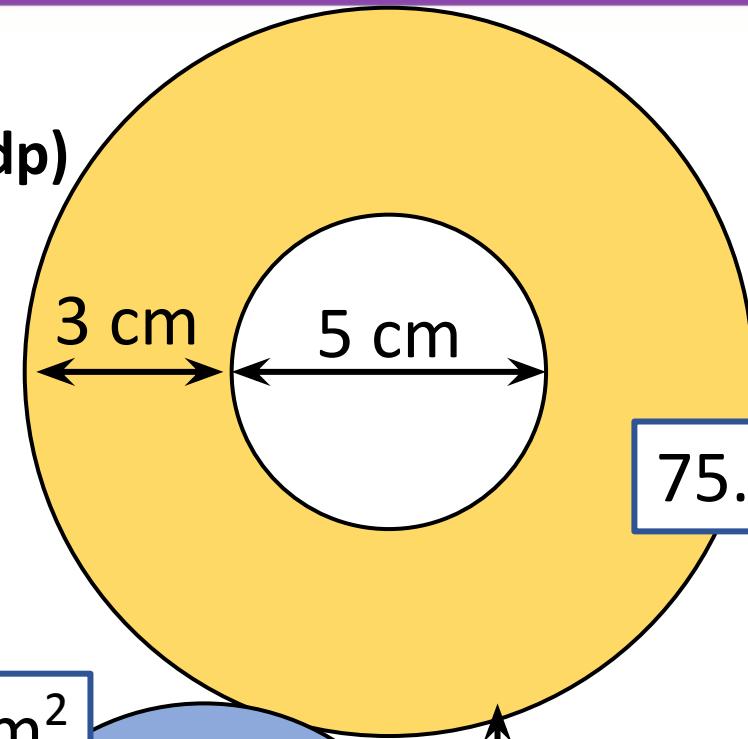


$$28.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

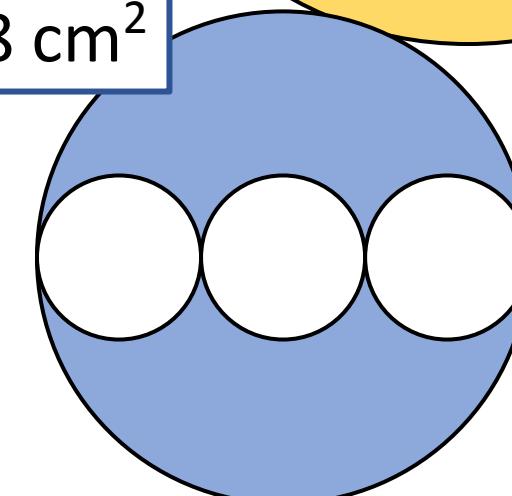
GROUP

Find the area of these shapes. (1dp)

$$A = \pi r^2$$



$$75.4 \text{ cm}^2$$



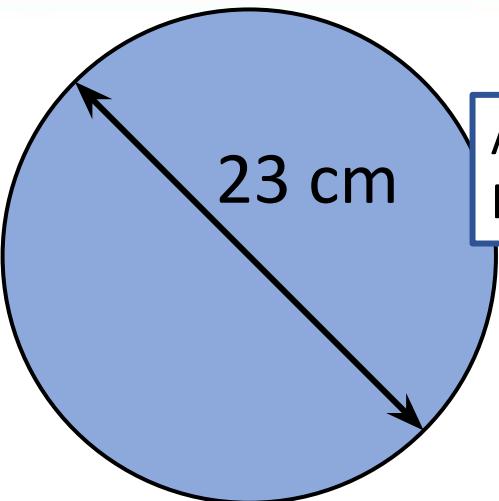
$$117.8 \text{ cm}^2$$

Not to scale.



CORE TASK

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.



Find the area & perimeter of these shapes. (1dp)

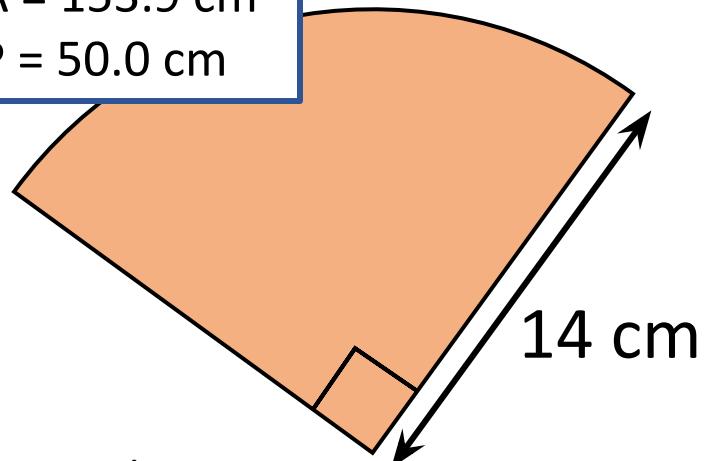
$$A = 415.5 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$P = 72.3 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = 25.1 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$P = 20.6 \text{ cm}$$

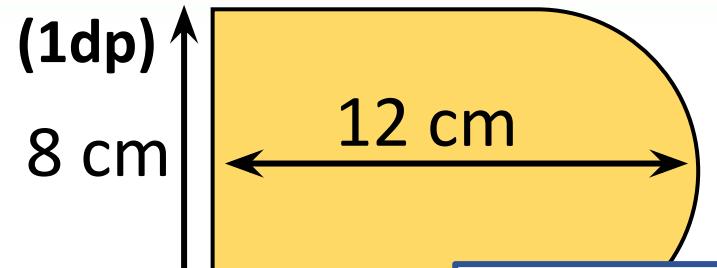
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$C = \pi d$$

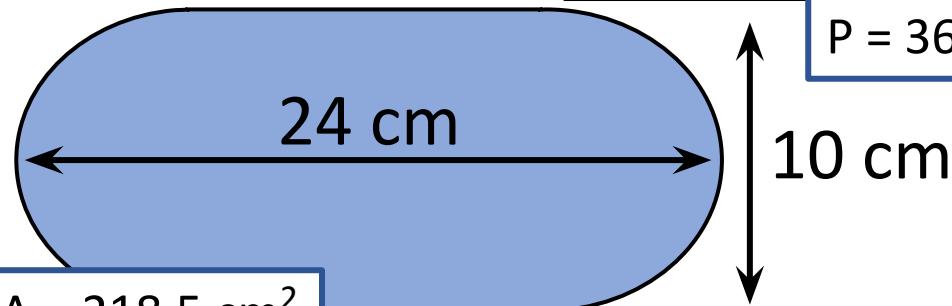
$$A = 153.9 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$P = 50.0 \text{ cm}$$



Not to scale.

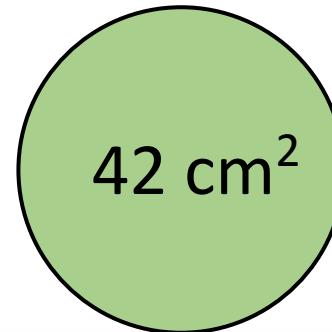


$$A = 89.1 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$P = 36.6 \text{ cm}$$



$$A = 218.5 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$P = 59.4 \text{ cm}$$

Find the circumference of this circle.



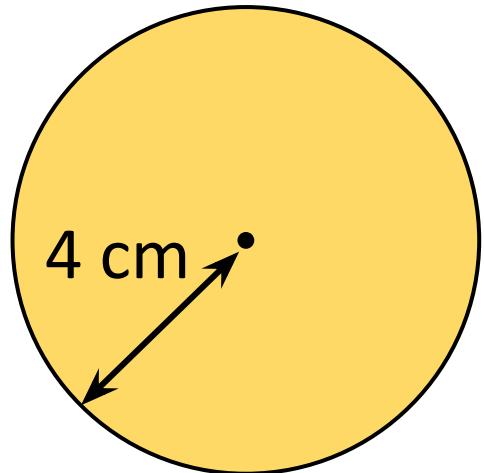
$$23.0 \text{ cm}$$



Area and Circumference of a circle

LO: To accurately calculate the area and circumference of a circle.

**Find the area of this circle.
(to 1 dp)**



$$A = \pi \times (4)^2$$

$$= 50.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

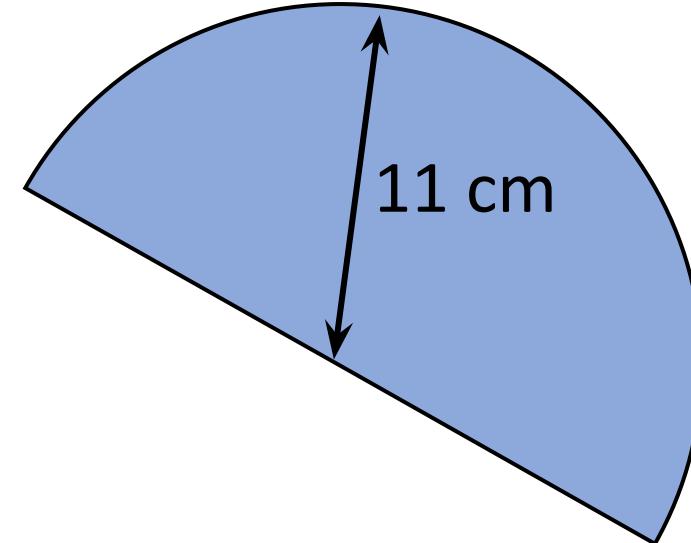
PLENAR

Y



$$A = \pi r^2$$

**Find the area of this shape.
(to 1 dp)**



$$A = \pi \times 11^2 \div 2$$

$$= 190.1 \text{ cm}^2$$