



St. Mary's Catholic High School, Muhaisnah

Success Criteria

I can scale a shape on a grid (without a centre specified);

I can understand that an enlargement is specified by a centre and a scale factor

I can understand that an enlargement is specified by a centre and a fractional scale factor

Introduction to enlargement

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Introduction to Enlargement

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement

KEYWORDS:

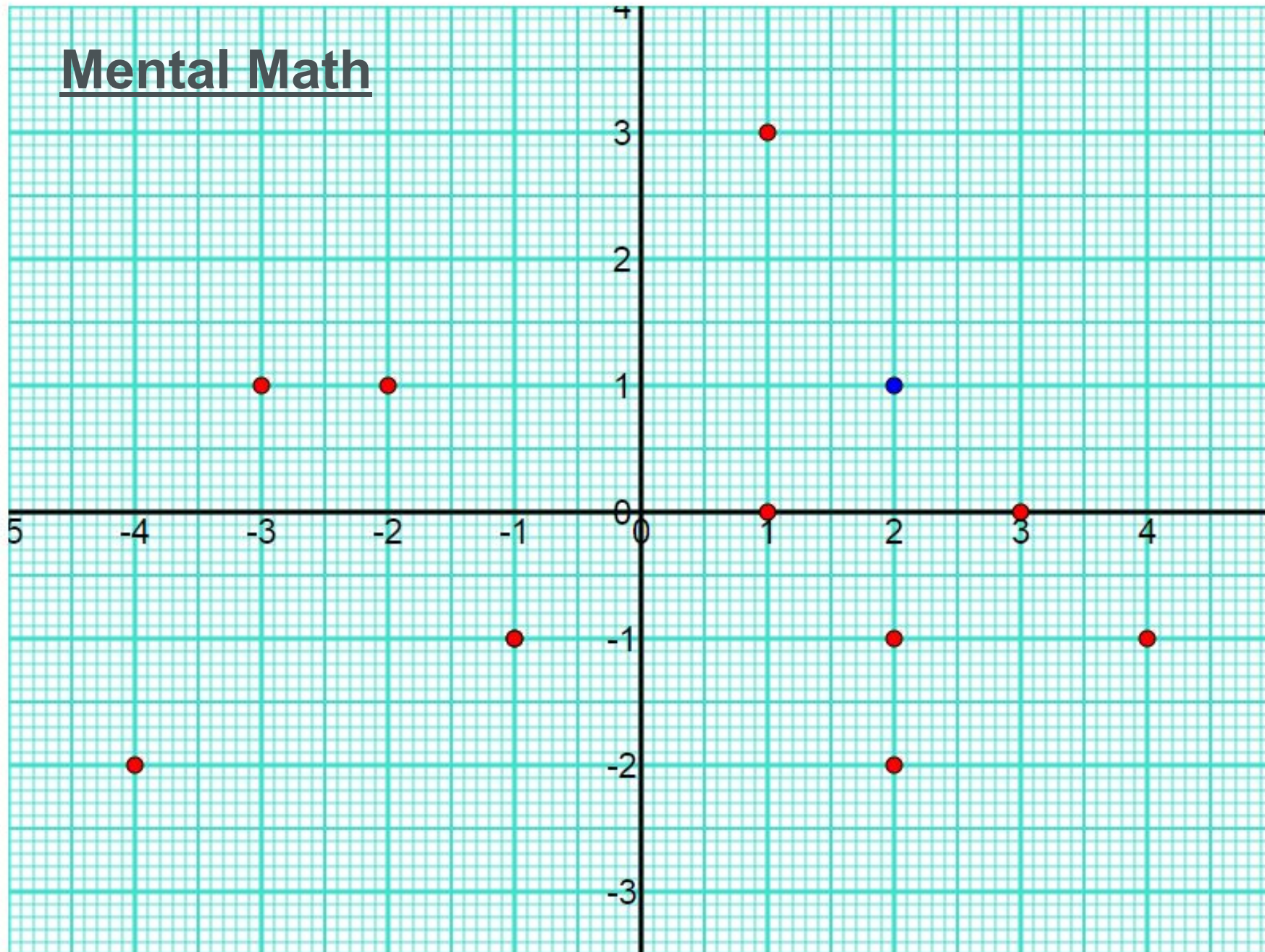
Transformation, enlargement, scale factor, centre of enlargement, similarity, congruent

KEYWORDS :

Transformation, enlargement, scale factor, centre of enlargement, similarity, congruent

The blue point is exactly in the middle of two red points. What are their coordinates?

Mental Math



a grid when given
er of enlargement.

03:00



GCSE/iGCSE Assessment Objective Specification - Foundation

INTRODUCTION TO ENLARGEMENT

... on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

SPECIFICATION REFERENCES

- R6 express a multiplicative relationship between two quantities as a ratio or a fraction
- R12 ... make links to similarity ... and scale factors
- G1 use conventional terms and notations: points, lines, vertices, edges, planes, parallel lines, perpendicular lines, right angles, polygons, regular polygons and polygons with reflection and/or rotation symmetries; ...
- G7 identify, describe and construct congruent and similar shapes, including on coordinate axes, by considering rotation, reflection, translation and enlargement (including fractional scale factors)
- G24 describe translations as 2D vectors

GCSE/iGCSE Assessment Objective Specification- Higher

SPECIFICATION REFERENCES

- R2 use scale factors, scale diagrams and maps
- R6 express a multiplicative relationship between two quantities as a ratio or a fraction
- G7 identify, describe and construct congruent and similar shapes, including on a coordinate axis, by considering rotation, reflection, translation and enlargement (including fractional and negative scale factors)
- G8 **describe the changes and invariance achieved by combinations of rotations, reflections and translations**

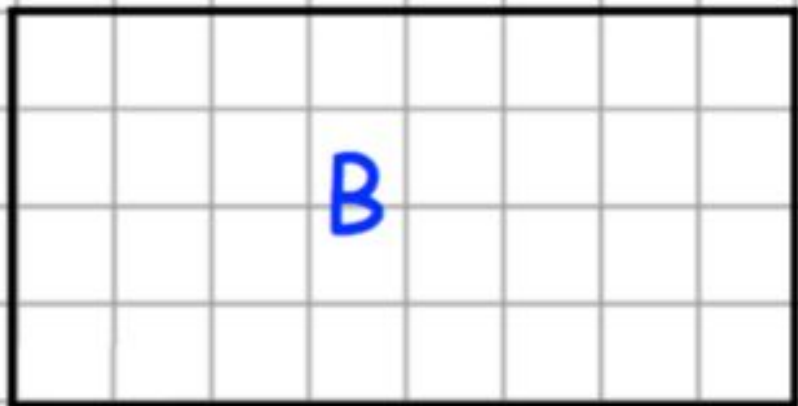


Introduction to enlargement

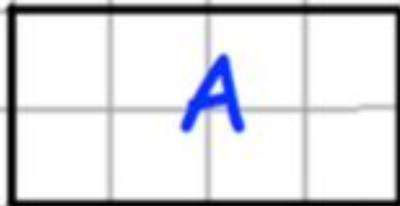
LO: **enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.**

03:00

Two rectangles, A and B, are drawn on a centimetre grid.



B



A

(a) Work out the area of rectangle A.

Rectangle B is an enlargement of rectangle A.

(b) What is the scale factor of the enlargement?



LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

(a) Work out the area of rectangle A.

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

..... 8 cm² (1)

Rectangle B is an enlargement of rectangle A.

(b) What is the scale factor of the enlargement?

2

(1)



Introduction to enlargement

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlargement is a type of transformation.

An enlargement changes the size of an object. The shape stays exactly the same but the size changes.

Enlargements are described using two pieces of information:

- **Scale factor** – the size of the enlargement- *We are going to talk about this today*
- **Centre of enlargement** – the position from which the shape is enlarged

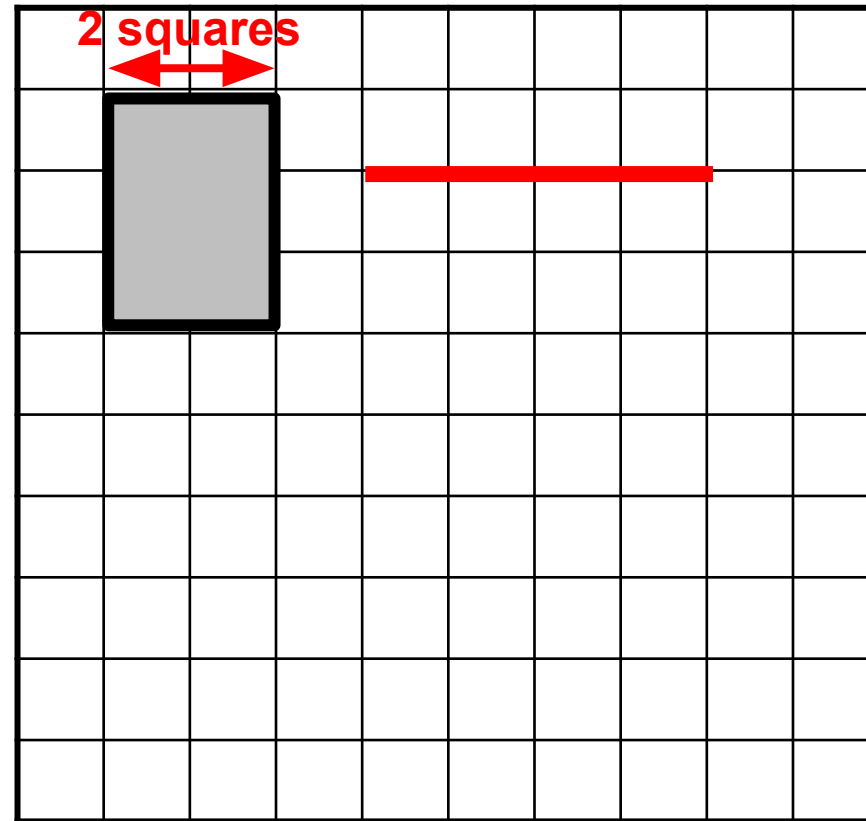


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MY TURN

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlarge this
object by
scale factor
2.





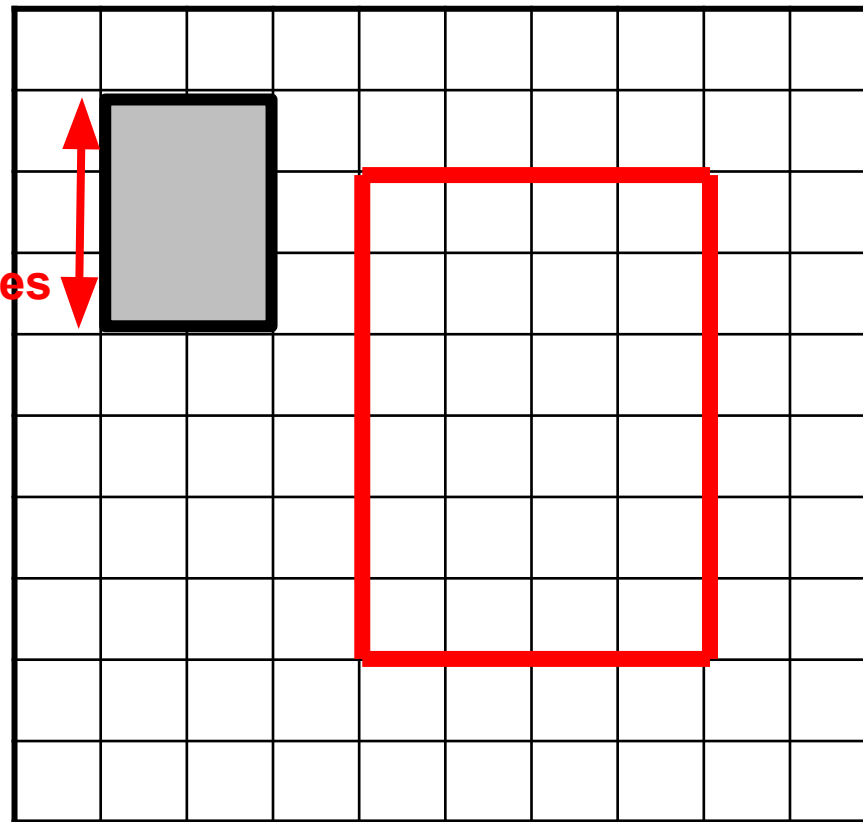
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MY TURN

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlarge this object by scale factor 2.

3 squares



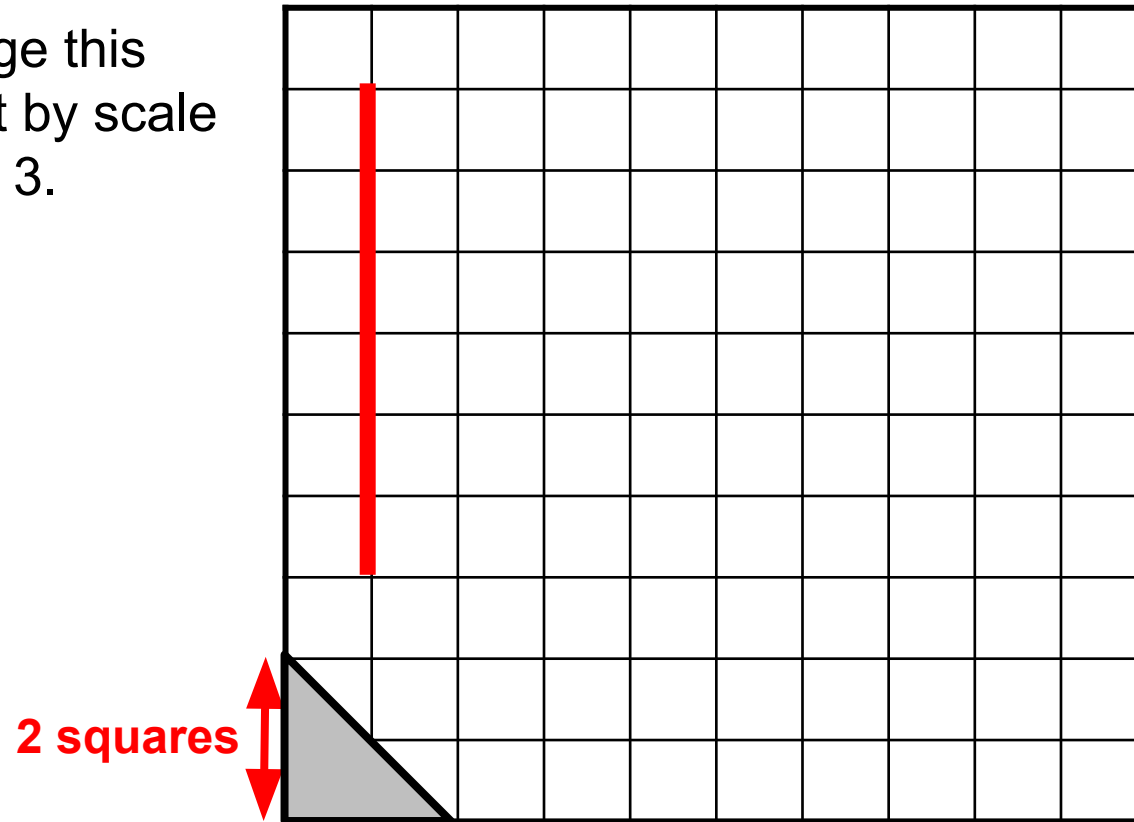


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YOUR TURN

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlarge this object by scale factor 3.



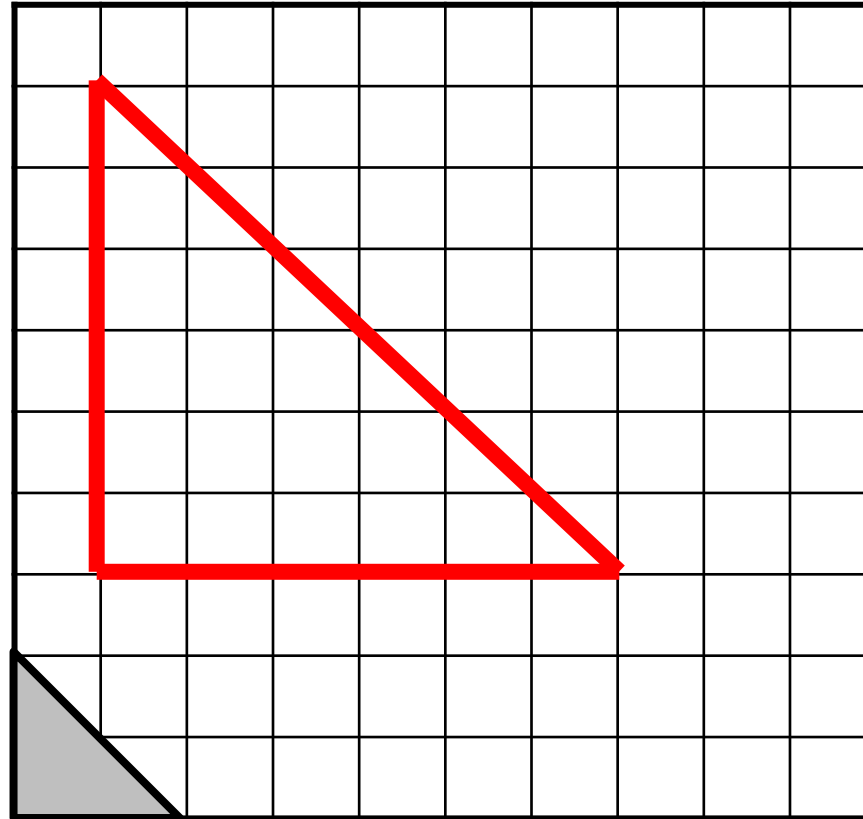


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YOUR TURN

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlarge this object by scale factor 3.



2 squares 



Mini-Plenary

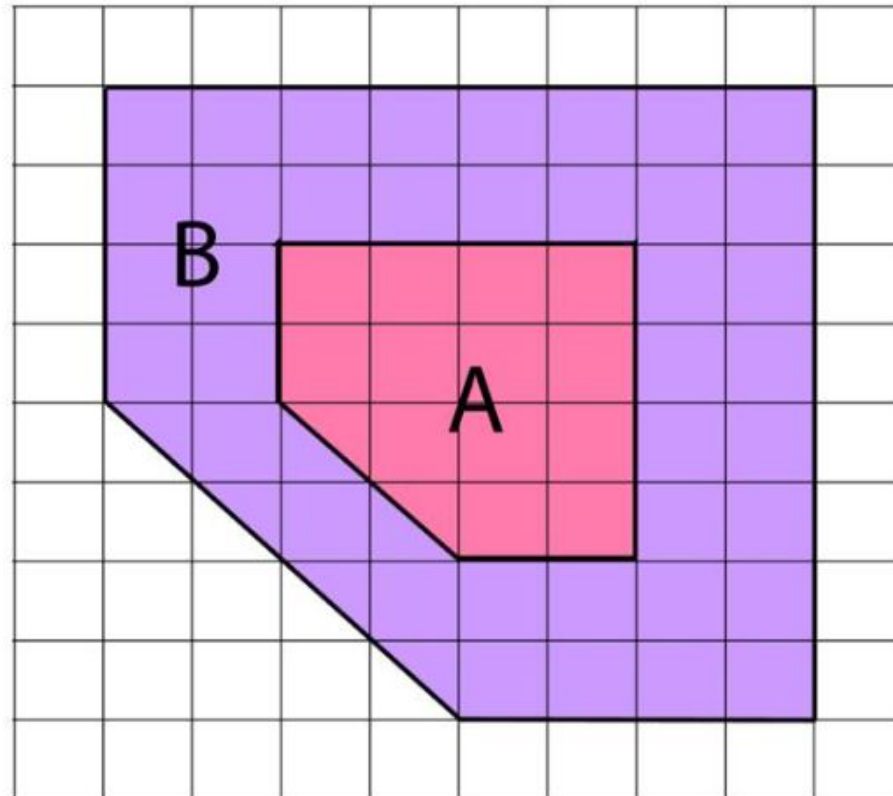
LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Enlargement

Learning Objective: Enlarge an object using a scale factor and centre.

Describe the enlargement that maps A onto B.

ANS



03:00

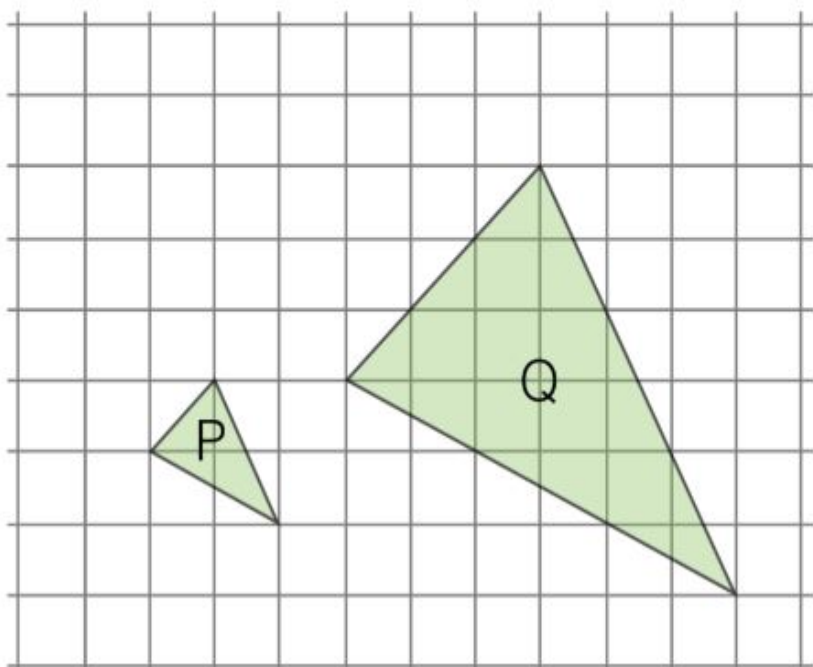


Introduction to enlargement

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

Exam-style question

03:00



- a) Shape P is enlarged to obtain shape Q. What is the scale factor of enlargement?
- b) Shape Q is enlarged to obtain shape P. What is the scale factor of enlargement?



Core Task

Enlargement

LO: **enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.**

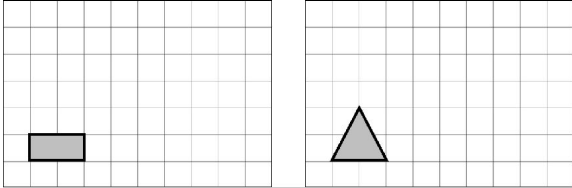
Enlarge the objects following the instructions on the sheet.

10:00

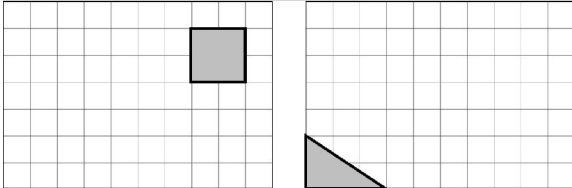
Challenge/Extension Task

Enlargements

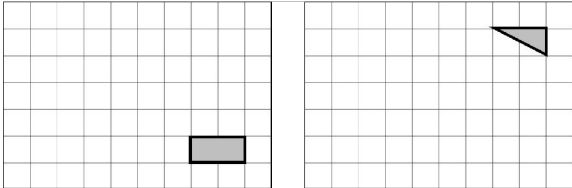
Enlarge by scale factor 2:



Enlarge by scale factor 3:



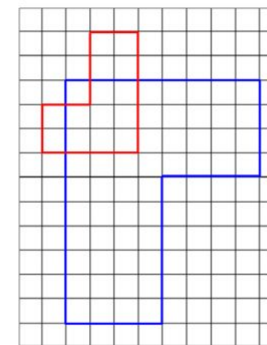
Enlarge by scale factor 4:



Name

If the red shape was the same size, would it fit exactly into the blue shape?

Could it be a 4 times enlargement?



- Can you move the shapes?
- Can you change the position of the red shape?
- Can you change the shapes?

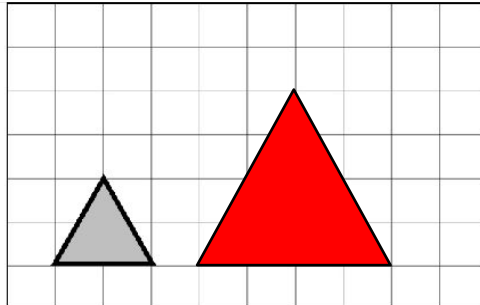
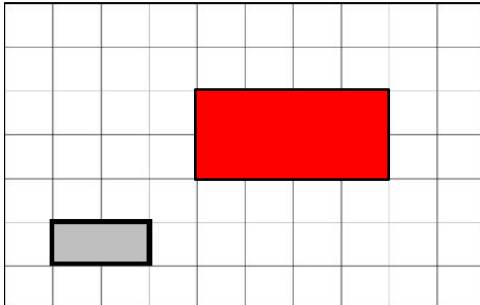
What would happen if we started with the blue shape and tried to transform that one into the red shape?



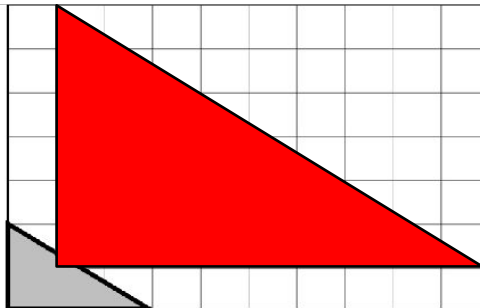
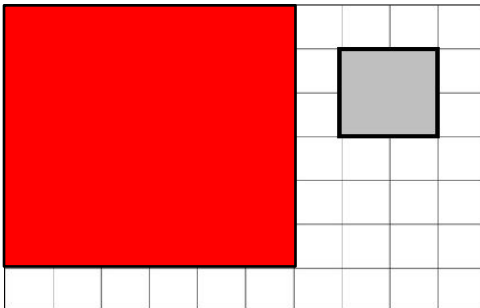
Answers

LO: enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.

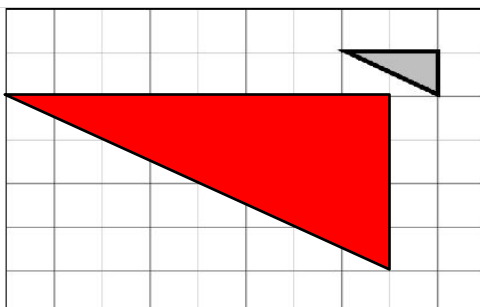
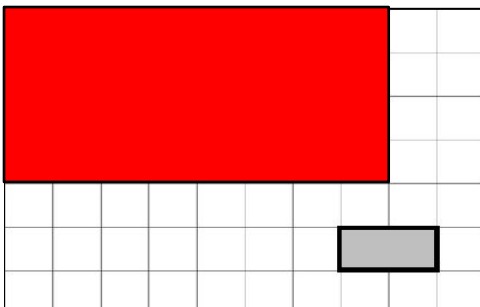
Enlarge by scale factor 2:



Enlarge by scale factor 3:



Enlarge by scale factor 4:



If the red shape was the same size, would it fit exactly into the blue shape?

The red shape is not **congruent** to the blue shape, but it is **similar**.

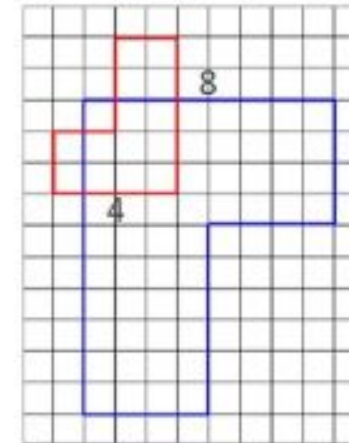
The blue shape is an **enlargement** of the red shape. It is twice as big as the red shape.

If it's two times the size, can it be three times or higher?

- Can you move the shapes?
- Can you change the position of the red shape?
- Can you change the shapes?

Could it be a 4 times enlargement?

It isn't if you compare corresponding sides - for example, the bottom edge of the red shape and the top edge of the blue one.



The red shape can be moved into the blue shape using two transformations:

1. **Rotation**
 2. **Enlargement**
- Or we could do the reverse:
1. **Enlargement**
 2. **Rotation**

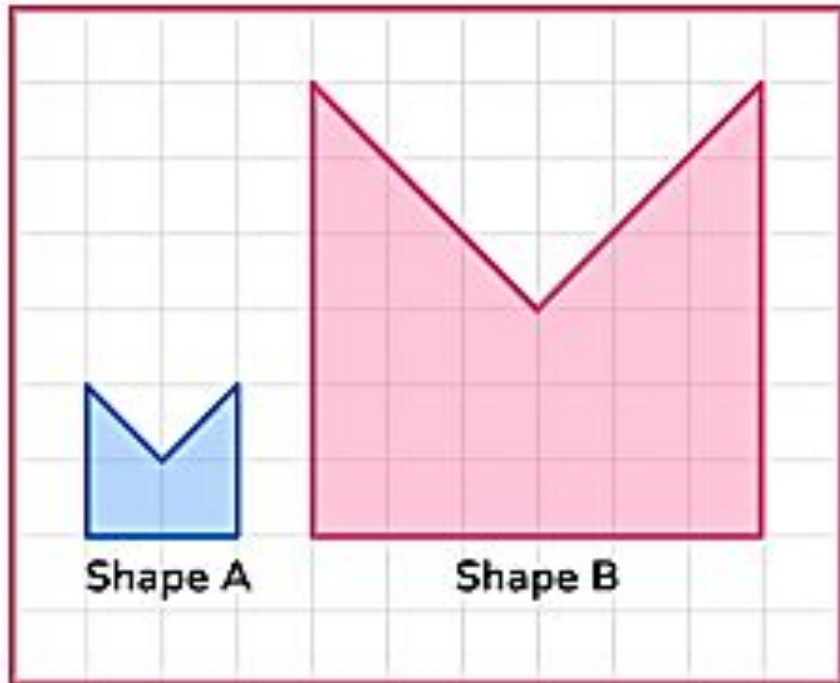
What would happen if we started with the blue shape and tried to transform that one into the red shape?



PLENARY

LO: **enlarge a shape on a grid when given a scale factor and center of enlargement.**

Shape A has been enlarged to make shape B. Calculate the scale factor.



02:00