



# Plans and Elevations

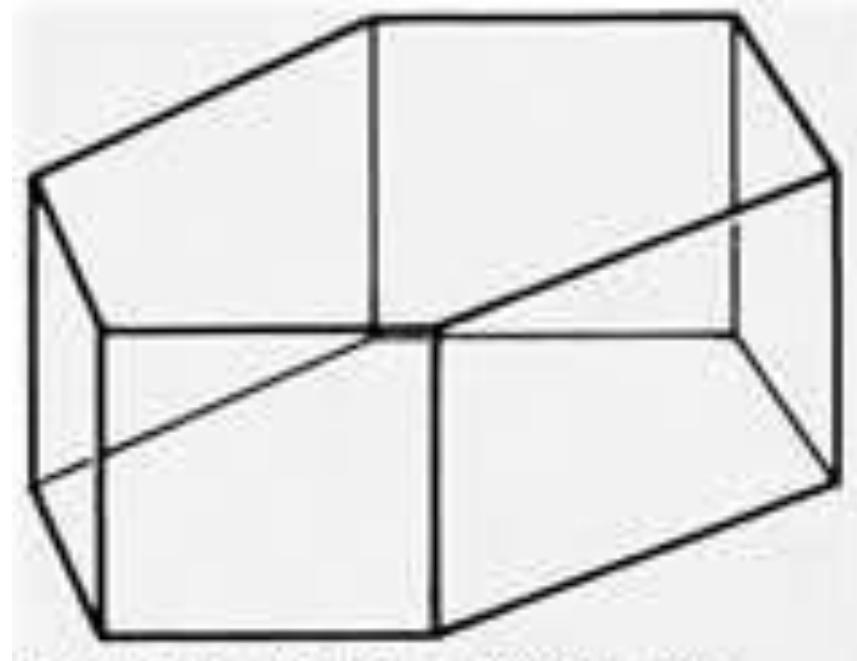
LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

SIT DOWN → FALSE

00:30



Faces = 8

Edges = 18

Vertices = 12

TRUE



# Plans and Elevations

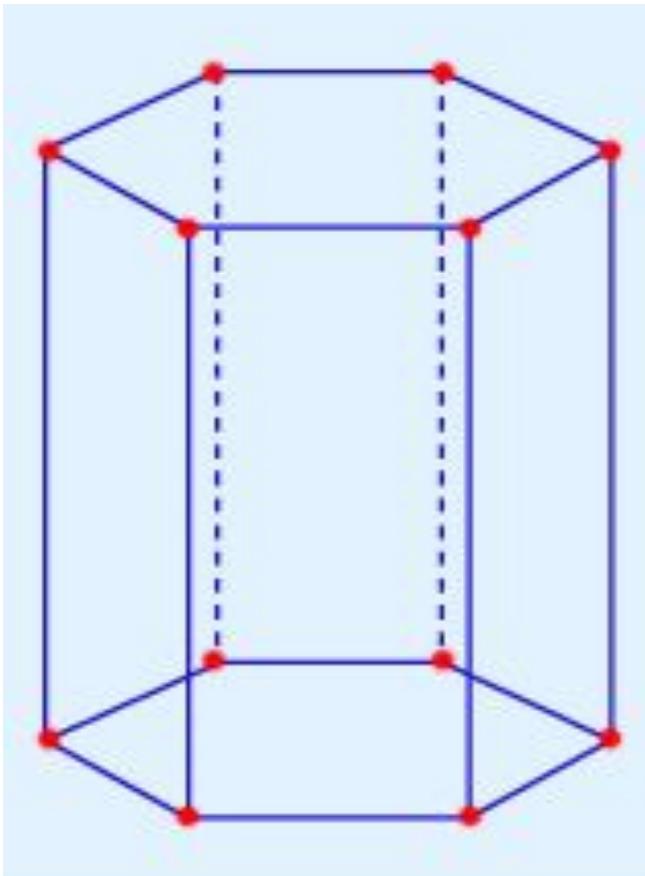
LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

SIT DOWN → FALSE

00:30



**Faces = 8**

**Edges = 16**

**Vertices = 12**

FALSE



# Plans and Elevations

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

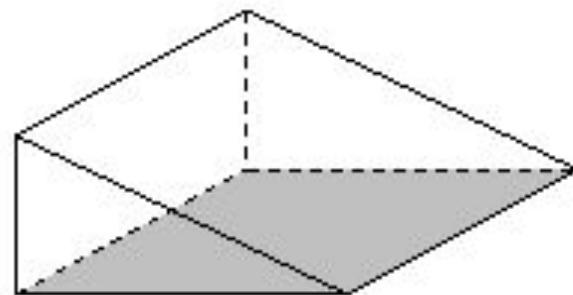
Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

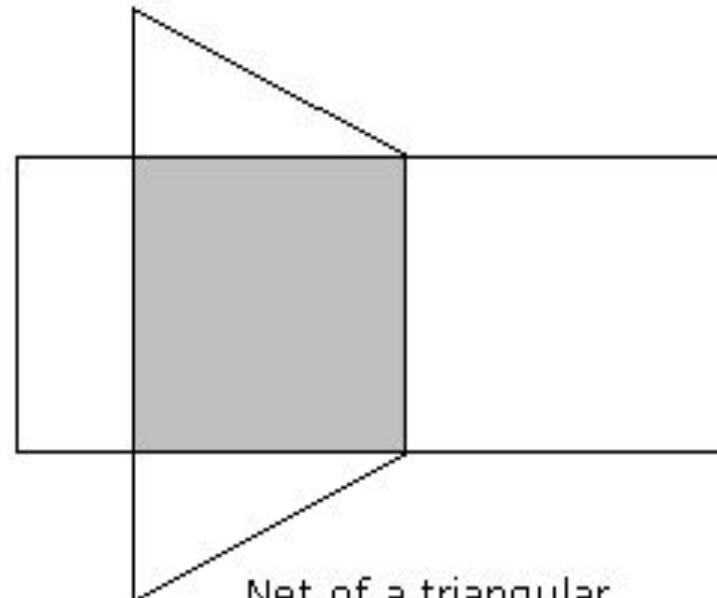
SIT DOWN → FALSE

This is the net of the solid

00:30



Triangular prism



Net of a triangular prism

**TRUE**



## Plans and Elevations

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

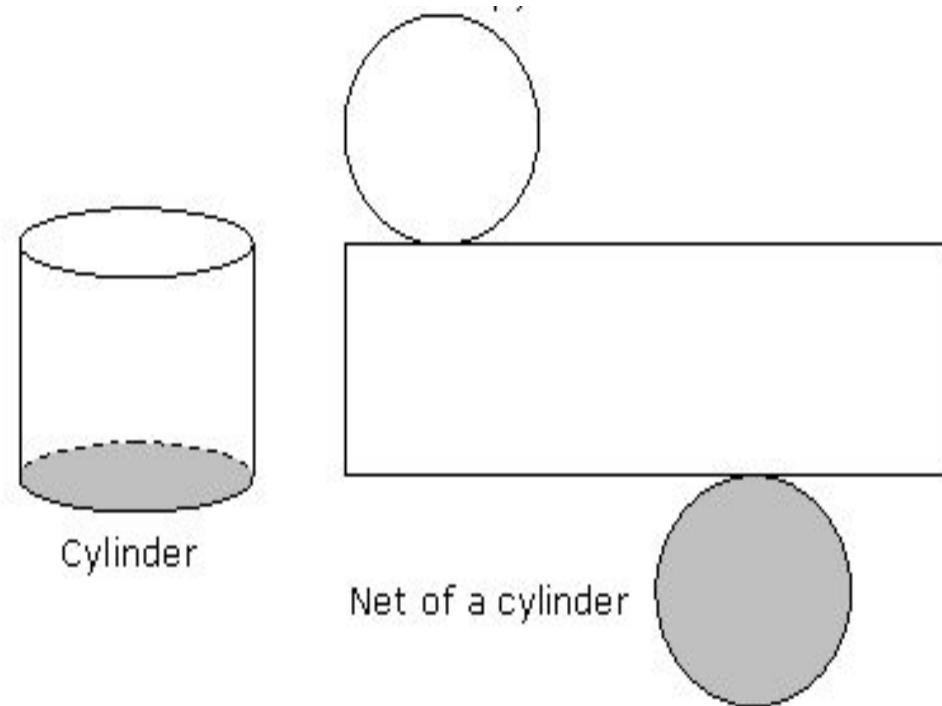
Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

SIT DOWN → FALSE

This is the net of the solid

00:30



**TRUE**



# Plans and Elevations

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

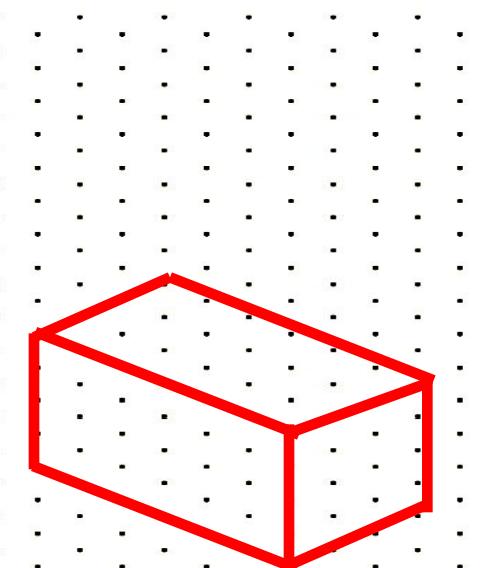
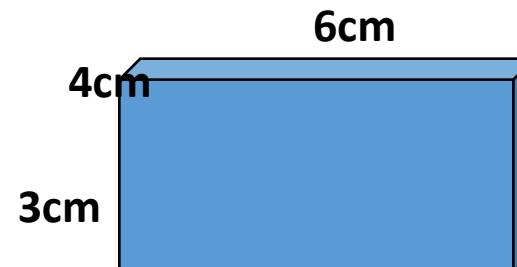
Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

SIT DOWN → FALSE

This is the isometric drawing

00:30



FALSE



# Plans and Elevations

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

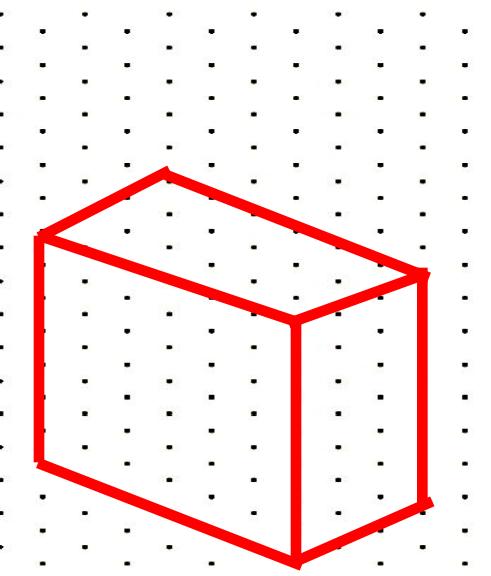
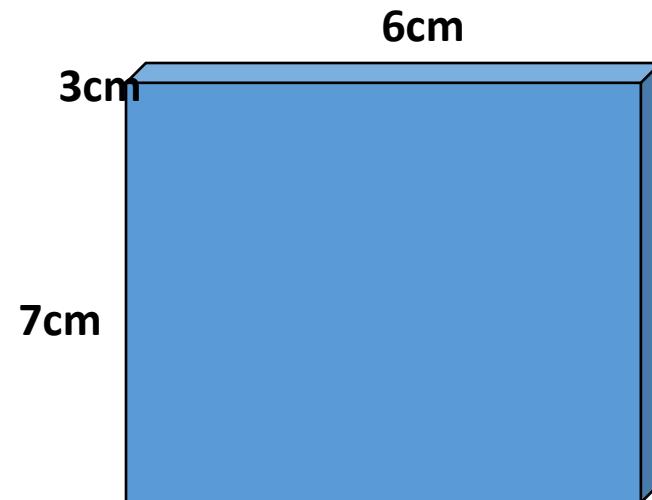
Mental Math- TRUE OR FALSE

STAND UP → TRUE

SIT DOWN → FALSE

This is the isometric drawing

00:30



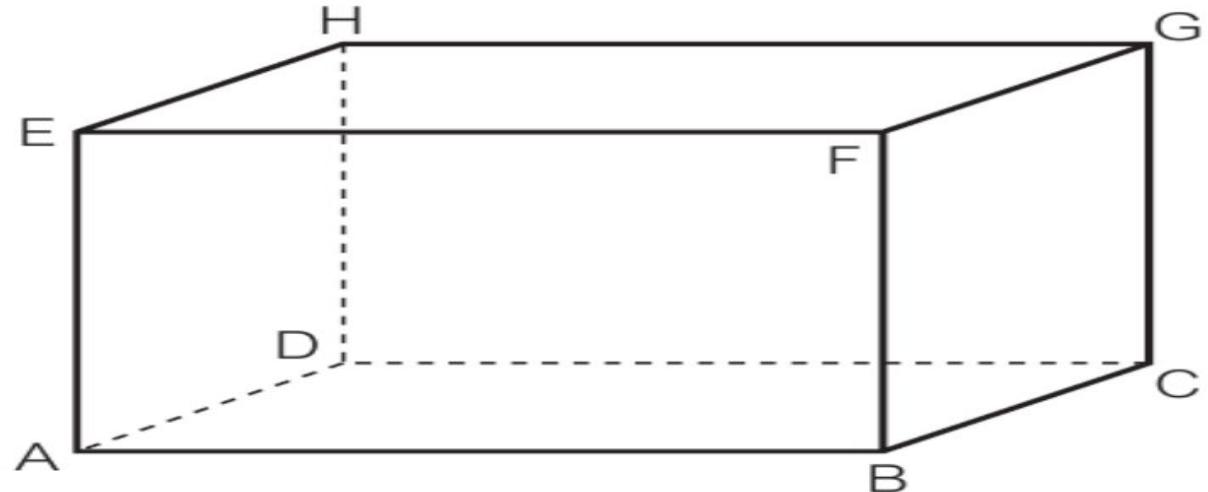
**TRUE**



# STARTER

**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

Look at this cuboid.



**05:00**

Copy and complete these sentences

- a** The edge AE is parallel to the edge .....
- b** The edge EF is parallel to the edge .....
- c** The edge AB is perpendicular to ..... and .....
- d** The faces ABCD and ..... are parallel.
- e** The faces ABFE and BCGF meet at edge .....
- f** If two edges meet, they meet at a .....
- g** If two faces meet, they meet at an .....

- a** CG
- b** GH, AB, CD
- c** Any two of AD, EH, BC, FG, AE, DH, BF, CG
- d** EFGH
- e** BF
- f** vertex
- g** edge



# Plans and Elevations

**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

## GCSE/iGCSE Assessment Objective Specification – Foundation/Higher

- A recognise and give the names of solids
- B understand the terms 'face', 'edge' and 'vertex' in the context of 3D solids

draw and interpret 2D representations of 3D shapes, for example **nets**, plans and elevations;

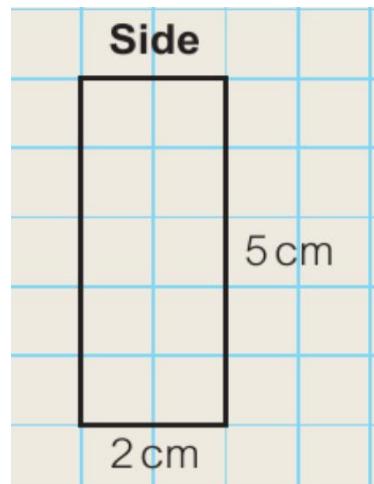
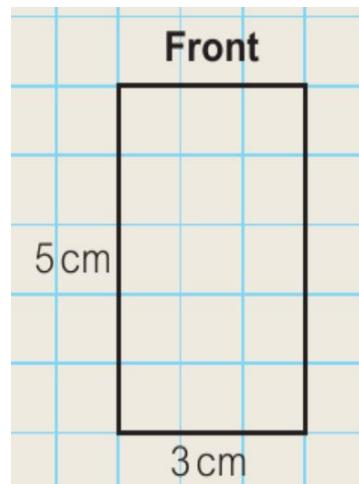
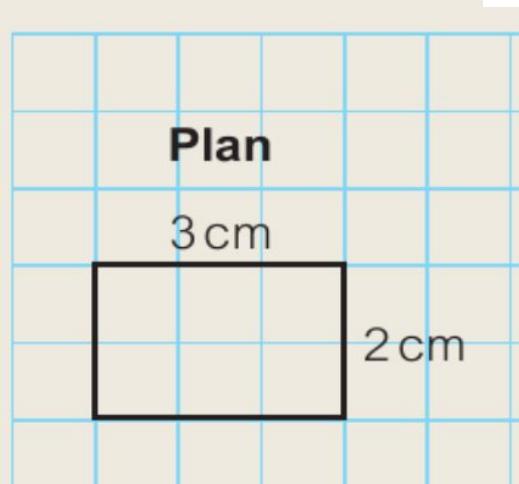
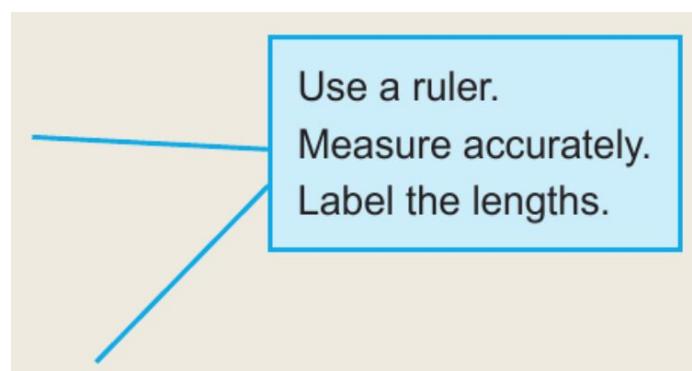
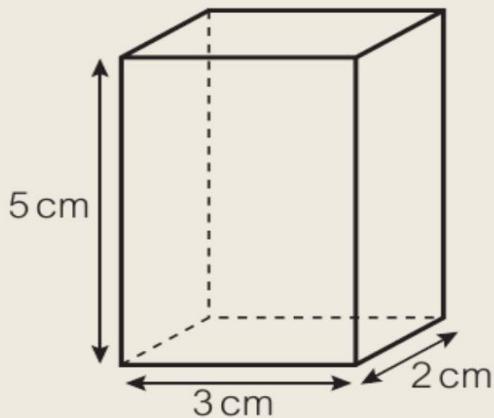


# Key Concept

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.  
10 minutes

## Worked example

Draw the **plan**, the **front elevation** and the **side elevation** of this cuboid on squared paper.



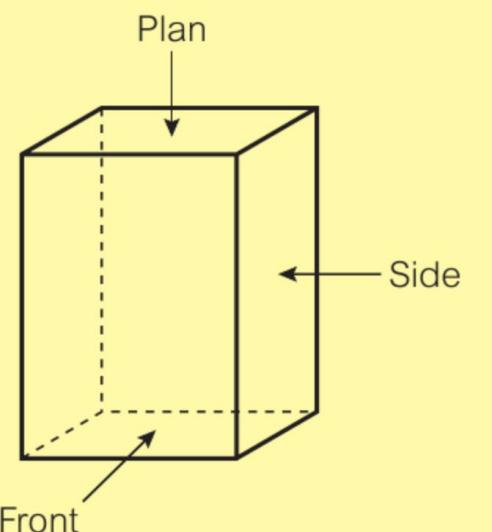
## Key point



The **plan** is the view from above the object.

The **front elevation** is the view of the front of the object.

The **side elevation** is the view of the side of the object.





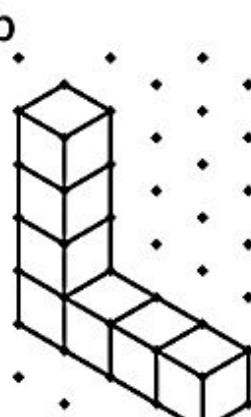
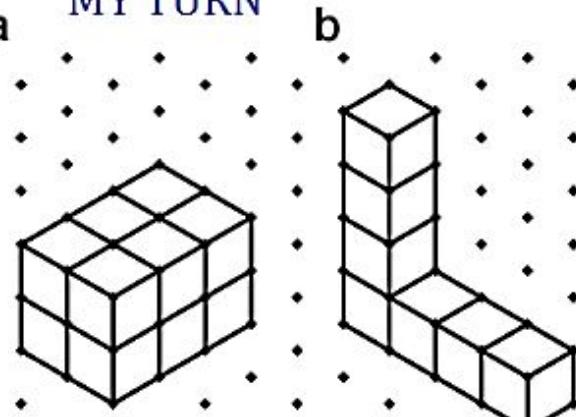
# Key Concept

**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

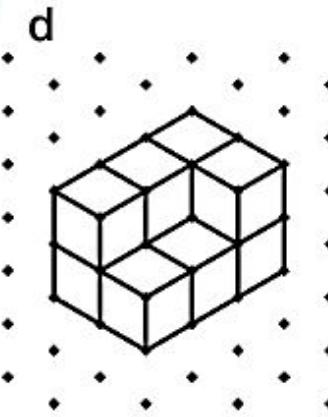
These solids are made from centimetre cubes.

Draw the plan, front elevation and side elevation of each solid on squared paper.

MY TURN



YOUR TURN



a

Plan	Front	Side

b

Plan	Front	Side

c

Plan	Front	Side

d

Plan	Front	Side



# MINI\_PLENARY

LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.

1)



All of these shape nets will fold to make a cube because they all have 6 square faces.



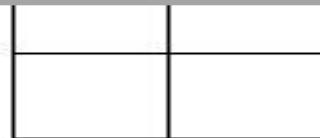
02:00

Do you agree with this statement? Prove it

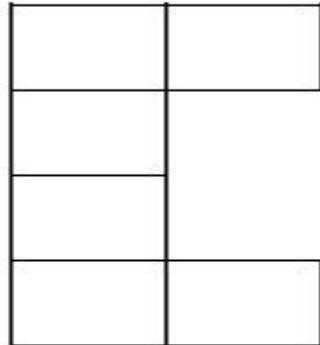
b)



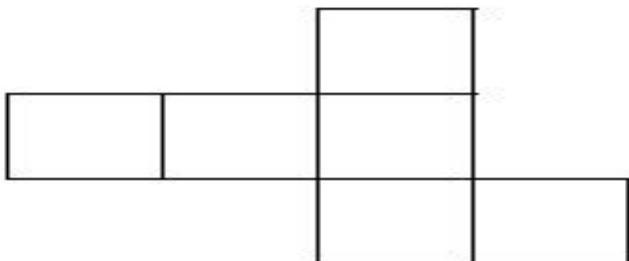
Incorrect - A cube has 6 square faces, but these have to be arranged in a way that will fold to make a cube - b and c do not fold to make a cube.



c)



d)





# Core Task

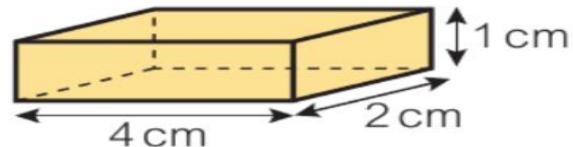
**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

**Task 1:**

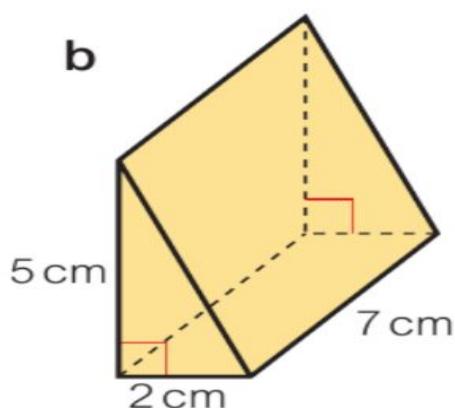
**10:00**

Draw the plan, the front elevation and the side elevation of each solid on squared paper.

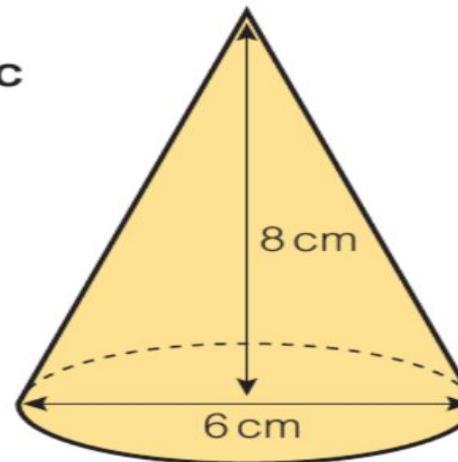
**a**



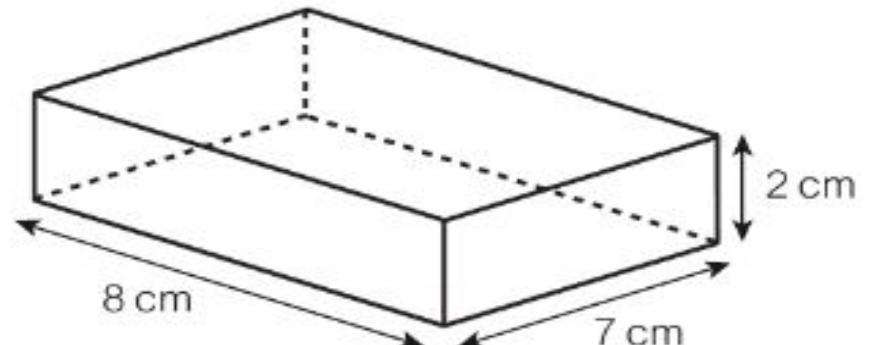
**b**



**c**



**Task 2:**



**a** Draw this cuboid on isometric paper.

**b** Draw the front elevation, side elevation and plan view of the cuboid.



# Core Task

**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

**Task 3:**

**10:00**

**CHALLENGE**

**Problem-solving** Here are the plan, front and side elevations of an irregular 3D solid.

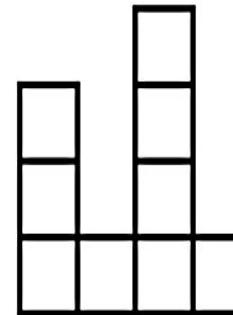
Use cubes to make the solid.

Then draw it on isometric paper.

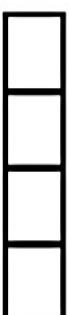
Plan



Front

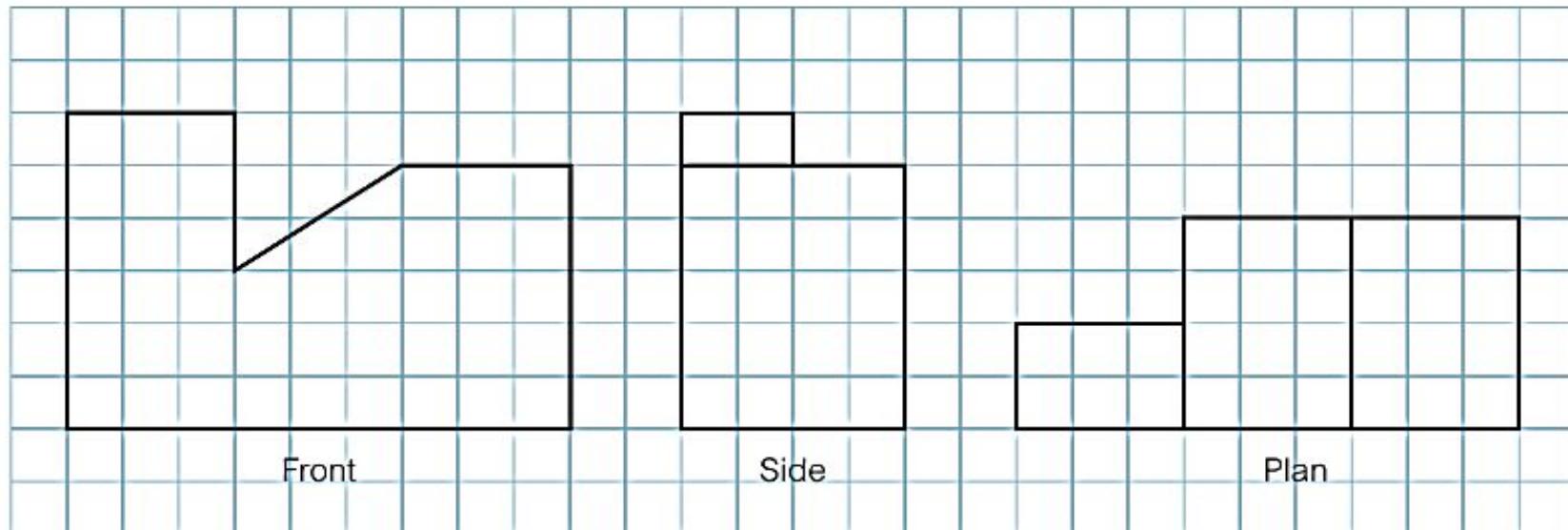


Side



The diagram shows the front, side and plan views of a shape.

Draw an isometric diagram of the shape.





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# Plenary

**LO: Use 2D representations of 3D solids.**

02:00

Here are the plan views of some solids.  
What could each one be?

